



Reg. No. :

Name :

Fourth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, July 2018
First Degree Programme under CBCSS
Mathematics
Core Course – III
MM 1441 : ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS – II
(2014 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

SECTION – I

All the first 10 questions are compulsory. They carry 1 mark each.

1. Show that $(1 + 2x)$ is a unit of $R[x]$ where $R = \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z}$.
2. Find the remainder in $Q[x]$ when $x^4 - 7x^2 + 3$ is divided by $(x + 1)$.
3. State primitive element theorem.
4. State true or false : $x^3 - 2$ is irreducible in $Q[x]$. Justify your answer.
5. Write an irreducible polynomial in $F_2[x]$ of degree 4.
6. If $f(x, y) = x + \sqrt[3]{xy}$, find $f(t, t^2)$.
7. Show that $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4 - y^4}{x^2 + y^2}$ does not exist.
8. Find the natural domain of $f(x, y) = \ln(x^2 - y)$.
9. Evaluate $\int_0^{\ln 2} \int_0^{\ln 2} e^{x+y} dy dx$.
10. Find a parametric representation of $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$.



SECTION – II

Answer **any 8** questions from among the questions **11** to **22**. These questions carry **2** marks **each**.

11. Detach the coefficients and find $(x^3 + 1)(2x^2 + 2)$ in $F_3[x]$.
12. State fundamental theorem of algebra.
13. Using Euclid's algorithm, find the gcd of $(x^3 + 1)$ and $(x^3 + x + 1)$ in $F_3[x]$.
14. For $n = 8$, verify $\sum_{d|n} \phi(d) = n$.
15. Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ if $z = x^4 \sin(xy)$.
16. If $f(x) = x^2 + bx + c$ is a polynomial of degree 2 in $R[x]$, then prove that $f(x)$ is irreducible if $b^2 - 4c < 0$.
17. Find the slope of the surface $z = \sqrt{(3x + 2y)}$ in the x -direction at the point $(4, 2)$.
18. Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_{x^2}^x y^2 x \, dy \, dx$.
19. Find the volume of the solid that is bounded above by the plane $z = 4 - x - y$ and below by the rectangle $[0, 1] \times [0, 2]$.
20. If $f(x, y) = x^2 y^3 + x^4 y$, find f_{xyy} .
21. Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_{-1}^y \int_{-1}^z yz \, dx \, dz \, dy$.
22. Factor $x^3 - x$ into irreducible polynomials in $\mathbb{Z}/3\mathbb{Z}[x]$.

SECTION – III

Answer **any 6** questions from among the questions **23** to **31**. These questions carry **4** marks **each**.

23. Find the quotient and remainder when the polynomial $x^4 - 2x^2 - 1$ is divided by $x^2 + 3x - 1$.
24. Find the gcd $d(x)$ in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$ of $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ and find polynomials $r(x)$ and $s(x)$ with $f(x)r(x) + g(x)s(x) = d(x)$ where $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 2$ and $g(x) = x^2 + x + 1$.



25. For any $e > 1$ dividing $p - 1$, if $N(e) > 0$, then $N(e) = O(e)$. State true or false. Justify your answer.
26. Write $x^2 + 3x + 1$ in base $(x + 2)$.
27. Given that $z = e^{xy}$, $x = 2u + v$, $y = u/v$. Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial u}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial v}$ using the chain rule.
28. Show that the function $Z = \ln(x^2 + y^2) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ satisfies Laplace's equation.
29. Locate all relative extrema and saddle points of $f(x, y) = 3x^2 - 2xy + y^2 - 8y$.
30. Find the area of the cardioid $r = 2(1 + \cos\theta)$.
31. Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_{y/2}^1 e^{x^2} dx dy$ by reversing the order of integration.

SECTION – IV

Answer **any 2** questions from among the questions **32 to 35**. These questions carry **15 marks each**.

32. a) State and prove division theorem.
b) Prove that if $f(x)$ is a polynomial with coefficient in a field F and a is in F , then $f(a) = 0$ if and only if $x - a$ divides $f(x)$.
33. Find a solution of $x^3 + 6x + 8 = 6x^2$ by Cardano's method.
34. a) Use Lagrange multipliers to determine the dimensions of a rectangular box, open at the top having a volume of 32 ft^3 and requiring the least amount of material for its construction.
b) Let $z = f(x^2 - y^2)$, show that $x \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0$.
35. a) Find the surface area of the portion of the paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$ below the plane $z = 1$.
b) Use triple integral, find volume of the solid bounded by the coordinate planes and the plane $3x + 6y + 4z = 12$.